

WHY YOU SHOULD INVEST IN THAILAND

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DIRECTOR
THAILAND BOARD OF INVESTMENT
AUSTRALIA, SEPTEMBER 2012



THAILAND IN BRIEF

Fast Growing Economy: From Agrarian to Manufacturing towards a Knowledge-based economy





Agriculture

Knowledge-based economy

Manufacturing









THAILAND is the world's

- 17th largest manufacturer
- 30th largest exporter
- 33rd largest economy

And the 2nd largest economy in

ASEAN



INVEST THAILAND AND ENJOY THE OPTIMAL BENEFITS



Operational Stability with ease of doing business, well-developed infrastructure, skilled workforce and pro-investment policies.





Growth Potential for Advanced and Green Industries with readiness to diverge to value-added petrochemical related industries.



Economic Expansion by utilizing the existing infrastructures and being Strategic Location for AEC market network distribution



THAILAND'S MANUFACTURING OUTLOOK

Manufacturing Distribution NORTHERN: 5% Agriculture/food, Wood/ Furniture, Textile, Ceramics, etc. NORTHEASTERN: 5% Rice, Livestock, Cassava, Sugarcane, etc. WESTERN: 2% CENTRAL: 15% Agriculture/food. Food, Auto Parts, Electronics, Sugarcane, Auto Part, etc. Paper&Printing, Cements, etc. BANGKOK & VICINITY: 47 % Food and Beverage, Textile and Garment, Furniture, etc. EASTERN: 22% Petrochemical, Iron/Steel, Auto Parts/Accessories, etc. Others Agricult 6% ure Manufa SOUTHERN: 4% cturing Rubber, Palm, Food, Halal Food, 81% Ship Building and Repair, etc.



- In 2011, Thailand's GDP was A\$333.51 billion (Bt10.54 trillion).
- Manufacturing sector accounted for A\$107.58 billion (Bt3.40 trillion), second to service sector.



- Manufacturing exports account for 81% of total Thailand's exports in 2011, worth A\$176.88 billion (Bt5.59 trillion).
- The most exported products in 2011 were Computer products and parts, Auto parts and accessories and Jewelry & related articles.

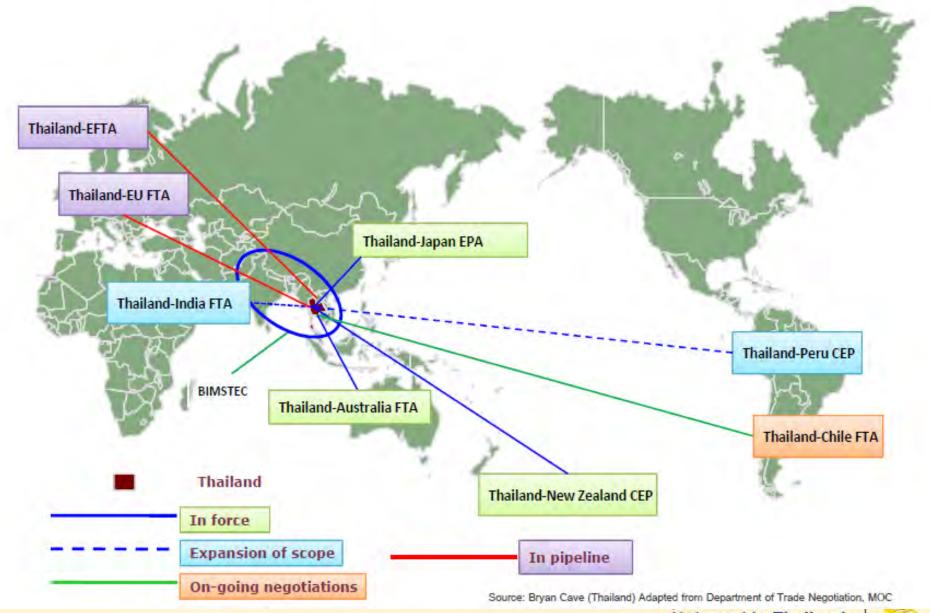


- Bangkok and vicinity has the most share of manufacturing distribution in Thailand, which accounted for 47%.
- The top three manufacturing sectors comprise 1) Food & beverages, 2) Textile & garments, and 3) Furniture.





THAILAND'S BILATERAL FTAS





The post-flood rebound in the Thai economy:

"...a testament to the resilience of the Thai people, and supportive policies by the government....



We welcome Thailand's support for the IMF's quota and governance reforms, which will ensure that emerging Asia has a strong voice at the IMF."

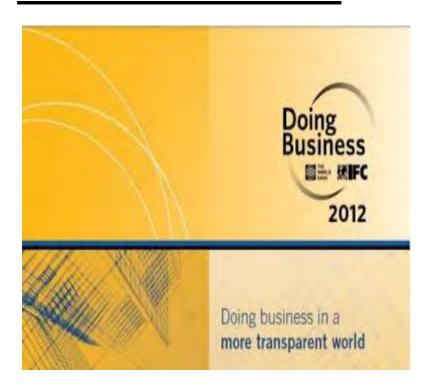
Christine Lagarde Managing Director International Monetary Fund July 12, 2012



2012		2012	r
1	Singapore	11	Finland
2	Hong Kong	12	Saudi Arabia P
3	New Zealand	13 Canada	
4	United States	14	Sweden
5	Denmark	15	Australia
6	Norway	16	Georgia
7	United Kingdom	17	Thailand
8	Korea, Rep	18	Malaysia
9	Iceland	19	Germany
10	Ireland	20	Japan

World Bank

Thailand among the easiest places in Asia to do Business and 17th in the World





Source: Doing Business 2012

Thailand:

Ranked by UNCTAD as the 8th most attractive FDI destination in the world

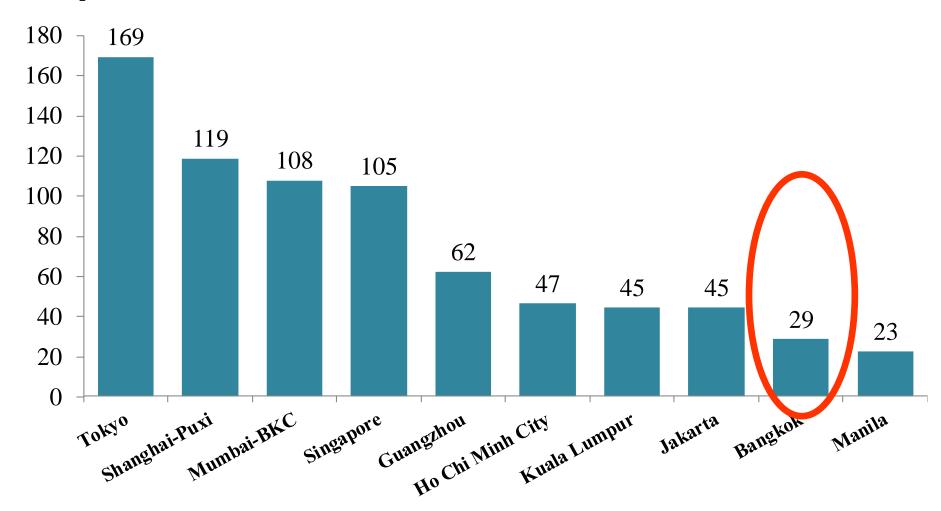




Cost-Competitive Location

AFFORDABLE OFFICE SPACE

A\$/sq ft/annum

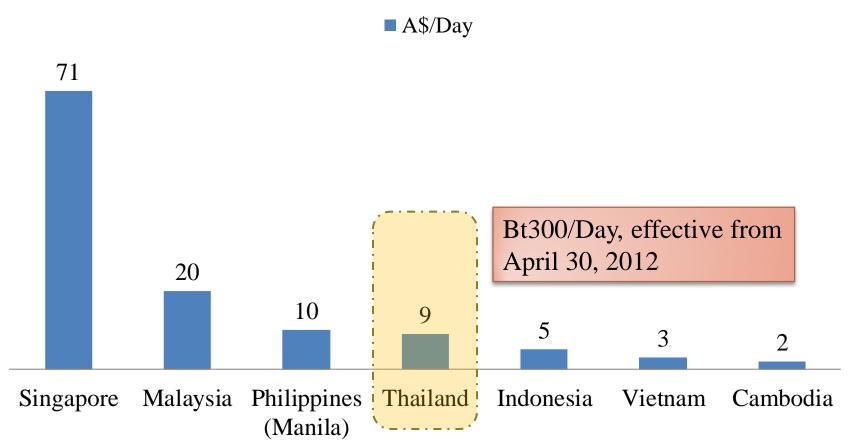




Source: CBRE MarketView Asia Pacific Office, Q2/2012 as of Aug 14, 2012 Note:US\$1=31.29 and A\$1=Bt31.60 in Q2, 2012

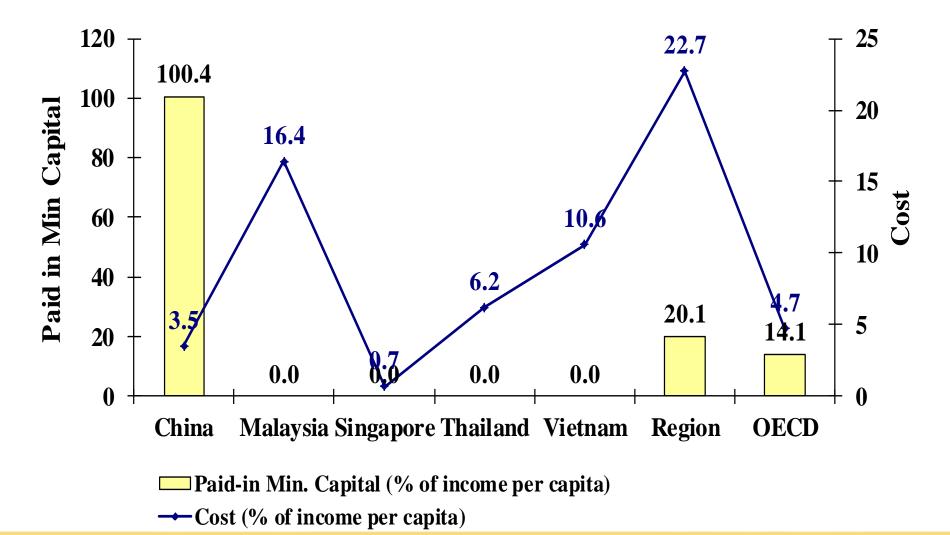
ASEAN LABOR'S MINIMUM WAGE RATE

ASEAN Min. Wage Rate (A\$/Day)





COSTS OF STARTING A BUSINESS





2012 COST OF LIVING SURVEY



Cities	Country	March 2012
Tokyo	Japan	1
Singapore	Singapore	6
Shanghai	China	16
Jakarta	Indonesia	61
Bangkok	Thailand	81
Kuala Lumpur	Malaysia	102
Hanoi	Vietnam	136





2011 EXPAT EXPERIENCE

Countries	Overall Experience	Overall Setting up	Overall Integration	Overall Quality of Life
Thailand	1	4	12	1
Canada	2	7	8	2
South Africa	3	3	11	5
Malaysia	4	10	16	4
Philippines	5	12	17	3
Australia	6	2	5	10
Spain	7	11	1	9
New Zealand	8	1	21	8
Belgium	9	20	19	6
United States	10	9	9	16





ROYAL DECREE CORPORATE INCOME TAX RATE REDUCTION

Reduction of corporate income tax rate from 30% of net taxable profit to

- 23% for the accounting year starting from 1 January 2012.
- 20% for the accounting year starting from 1 January, 2013.

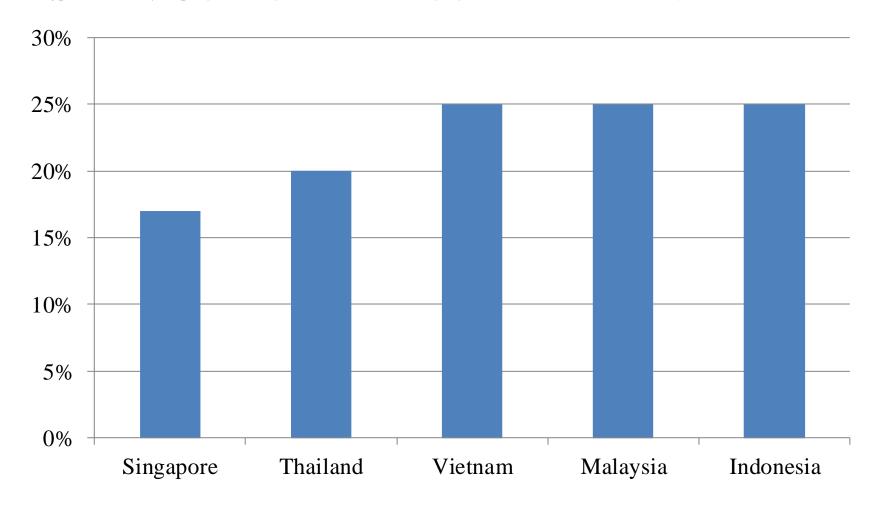
For SMEs a CIT rate between 15% and 23%*

For MAI listed companies a CIT rate of 25%*

* Depending on registered capital and length of time listed, and not including listed companies eligible for 20% rate..



ASEAN CORPORATE INCOME TAX 2013





Source: KPMG

Infrastructure

THAILAND'S INFRASTRUCTURE: TRANSPORTATION SECTOR



Road

- National highway: **63,100** km.
- Rural road: **39,254** km.
- Local road: **101,845** km.



Water

- Total international deep sea port: 6 ports
- Laem Chabang: 7.7 Million TEUs/Year
- Bangkok: **1.34** Million TEUs/Year





Rail

- Single track: 3,885 km.
- Double & third track: 234 km.



Air



- Total: **36** airports
- Suvarnabhumi airport: 45 Million / Year
- Don Muang airport: **36** Million /Year
- Phuket airport: **6.5** Million /Year
- Chiang Mai airport: 8 Million /Year





Source: NESDB, as of July 10,2012

THAILAND'S INFRASTRUCTURE: DUAL TRACK TRAIN

Chachoengsao-Kaeng Khoi

- Distance (106 km.)
- Budget (A\$356 million)

Lop Buri – Nakorn Sawan

- Distance (118 km.)
- Budget (A\$416 million)

Map Kabao-Thanon Chira Junction

- Distance (132 km.)
- Budget (A\$366 million)

Thanon Chira Junction-Khon Kaen

- Distance (185 km.)
- Budget (A\$406 million)

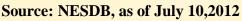
Nakorn Pathom-Hua Hin

- Distance (165 km.)
- Budget (A\$525 million)

Prachuab Kirikhan – Chumporn

- Distance (167 km.)
- Budget (A\$495 million)





Note:US\$1=31.29 and A\$1=Bt31.60 in Q2, 2012



ADVANTAGES OF DAWEI-LAEM CHABANG LINKAGE

Effective link for ASEAN connectivity

- Will be an effective link within the region
- Power up investment opportunities along GMS Southern Economic Corridor
- Build up a strong connection between ASEAN countries



New "Logistics Short Cut" of the region

- Shorten freight distance for ASEANDistance to India from Vietnam,
- Distance to India from Vietnam, Thailand and Cambodia through Dawei port could be shortened, reducing time through the Straight of Malacca.

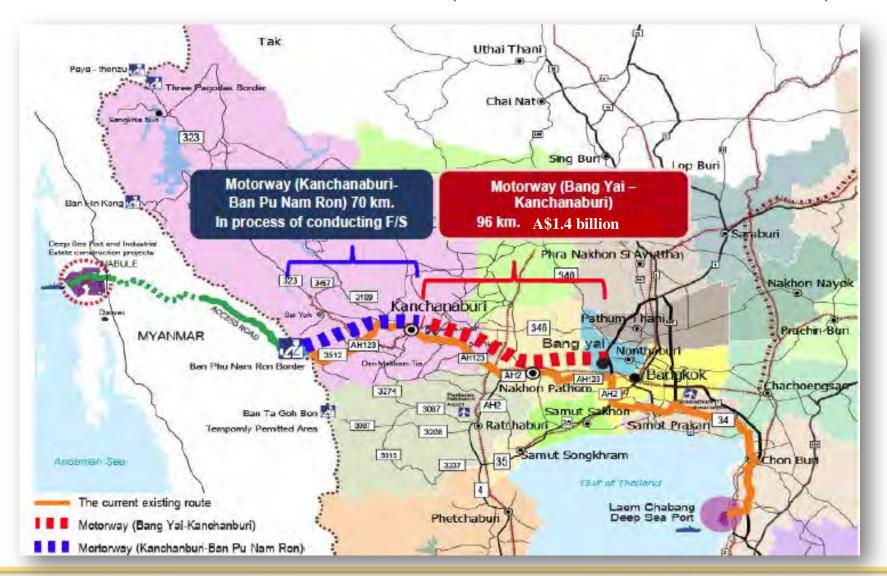
Distribution
Center &
Production
Base

- The linkage will benefit traders both from Myanmar and Thailand;
- Because of the link to ASEAN highway system, Dawei could emerge as a trading hub linking Southeast Asia with the Indian Ocean, the Middle East, Europe and Africa, spurring growth in ASEAN region.
- The linkage will attract FDI into the region.

omparameted opportunities

INVESTMENT

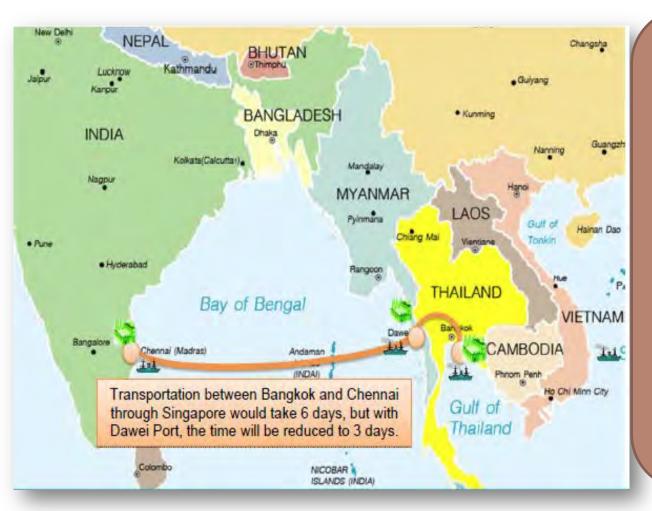
ROAD NETWORK LINKAGE (DAWEI-LAEM CHABANG)







"LOGISTICS SHORTCUT" - DAWEI & LAEM CHABANG PORTS



The linkage between Thailand's Eastern Seaboard and Myanmar's Dawei will provide immense business opportunities as the emerging Economic Driver in the region. With high potential to open the Western gateway for the existing production bases in East Asia, the new trade and transportation route will create "Logistics Shortcut" for the region and the supersized coproduction base will be an important Growth Nodes linking the GMS region to global market.



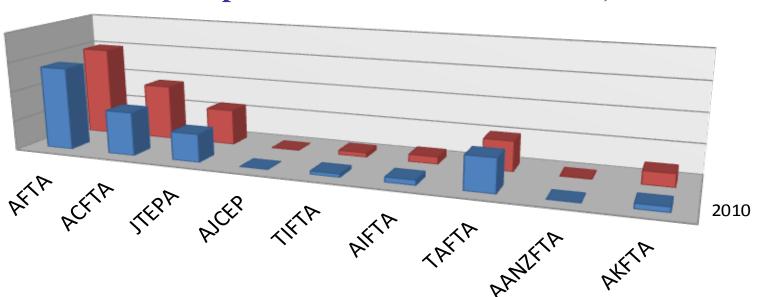


Trade & Investments

THAILAND'S EXPORTS WITH FTA PARTNERS, 2010-2011

Thailand's Exports with ASEAN+1 & FTAs, 2010-2011

20,000 15,000 10,000 5,000



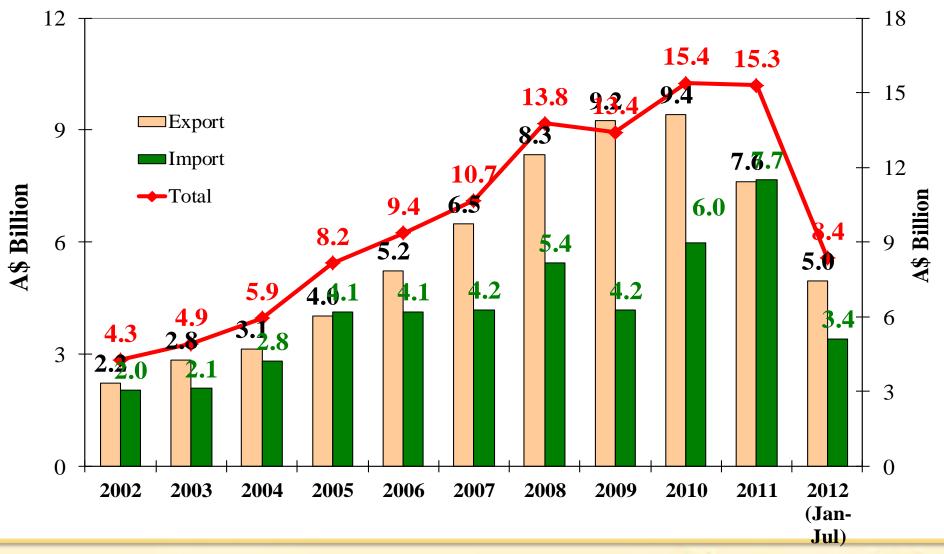
	AFTA	ACFTA	JTEPA	AJCEP	TIFTA	AIFTA	TAFTA	AANZFTA	AKFTA
2010	13,886	7,300	4,725	26	561	867	5,558	26	871
2011	15,032	9,269	5,980	48	741	1,212	4,987	91	2,193

Unbeatable Thailand, Unparalleled Opportunities



Source: www.moc.go.th as of July 03, 2012 Note:US\$1=31.29 and A\$1=Bt31.60 in Q2, 2012

TRADE SUMMARY THAILAND/AUSTRALIA





Source: MOC, as of Aug 29, 2012 Exchange rate: A\$1=Bt31.60 in Q2, 2012

Examples – Tariffs on Australian Exports

Item	MFN Rate	1 Jan 2005	1 Jan 2010	Date to 0%
Auto components	42%	20%	0%	2010
Plastics	30%	20%	0%	2010
Sails, awnings	30%	20%	0%	2010
Stone tiles	30%	20%	0%	2010
Wine	54.6%	40%	20%	2015
Beef	51%	40%	26.67%	2020

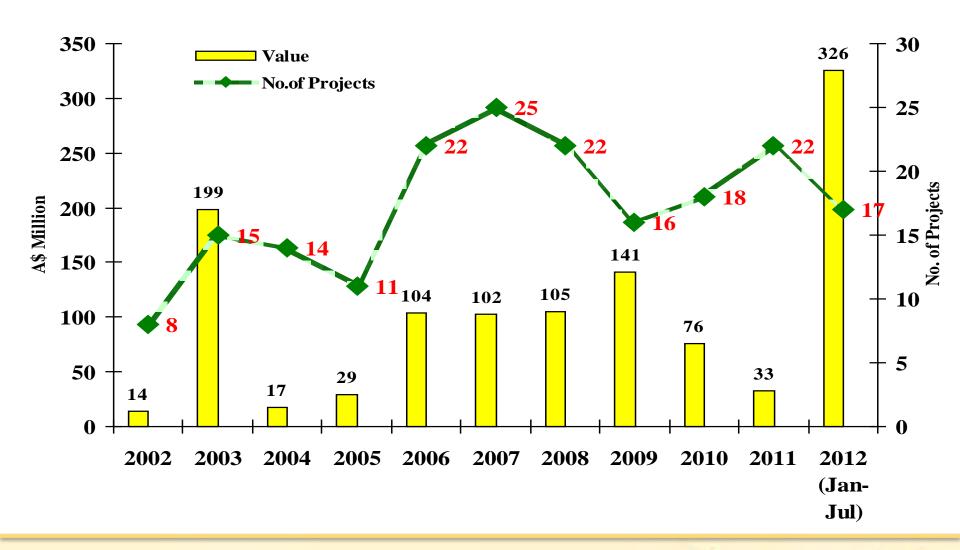


Examples – Tariffs on Thai Exports

Item	MFN Rate	1 Jan 2005	1 Jan 2010	Date to 0%
Passenger vehicles	15%	0%	0%	2005
Canned tuna	5%	2.5%	0%	2007
Plastics & chemicals	5%	5%	0%	2008
Textile yarns	5%	3%	0%	2008
Automotive components	10-15%	0-5%	0%	2010
Apparel, finished textiles	25%	12.5%	5%	2015



TREND OF AUSTRALIAN APPLICATIONS







Australian Investment Applications Totals by Sector: 2002 – 2012 (Jan-Jul)

Sector	Projects	A\$ Million
Agriculture	20	102
Minerals and Ceramics	5	258
Light Industry	31	89
Auto and Metal Processing	58	172
Electrical and Electronics	25	54
Petrochemicals, Chemicals	10	61
Services and Infrastructure	41	411
TOTAL	190	1,1467



SAMPLE OF AUSTRALIAN INVESTMENT IN THAILAND





















BOI'S INVESTMENT INCENTIVES SCHEME

Thailand and the BOI offer:

No restrictions on foreign currency

100% foreign ownership

LIBERAL INVESTMENT REGIME

No export requirements

No local content requirements





BASIC BOI PRIVILEGES AND MEASURES

Tax Incentives

- □Corporate income tax holidays up to 8 years
 - Additional 50% reductions of corporate income tax for 5 years
- ☐ Import duty reductions or exemptions on machinery and raw materials
- Double deduction of public utility costs
- Deductions for infrastructure construction/installation costs

Non-Tax measures

- ☐ Land ownership rights for foreign investors
- ☐ One Start One Stop Services Center (OSOS)
- Work permit/visa facilitation for foreign experts and technicians

One-Stop Shop, Visas & Work Permits are issued in <u>3 hours</u>



Zone 1 Zone 2

Zone-Based

Incentives:

- Zone 1
- Zone 2
- Zone 3

ZONE-BASED TO SECTOR APPROACH

Sector Matrix: Incentives to strengthen competitiveness

Strategic or Priority Activities

- Maximum incentives regardless of location
- Customized packages

PRIORITY ACTIVITIES & ACTIVITIES OF SPECIAL IMPORTANCE AND BENEFITS TO THE COUNTRY

Incentives for Activities of Special Importance and Benefits to the Country

- Sample projects: Energy-saving project, STI related projects, etc.
- Exemption of import duties on machinery regardless of zone.
- 8-year-corporate income exemption regardless of zone (without cap)
- Other relevant location-based incentives

Incentives for Priority Activities

- Sample projects: Agriculture & Agro products manufacturing, Activities using advanced technology, Public Utilities.
- Exemption of import duties on machinery regardless of zone.
- 8-year-corporate income exemption regardless of zone (with cap)
- Other relevant location-based incentives



STI INCENTIVES (OPTIONAL)

Criteria

Investments and expenditures on:

- Research and development or design
- Advanced technology training
- Funding educational and research institutions
- Contribution to Science and Technology Development Fund

Required STI Investment & Expenditures	Additional Year of Corporate Income Tax Exemption	Exemption of Import Duties on Machinery	Removal of Corporate Income Tax Exemption Cap
1% of the first 3 years' sale or at least Bt150 million, whichever is less	1	✓	✓
2% of the first 3 years' sale or at least Bt300 million, whichever is less	2	✓	✓
3% of the first 3 years' sale or at least Bt450 million, whichever is less	3		



Policies for 2010-2012

"Investment for Sustainable Development"

Application submission deadline: December 31, 2012

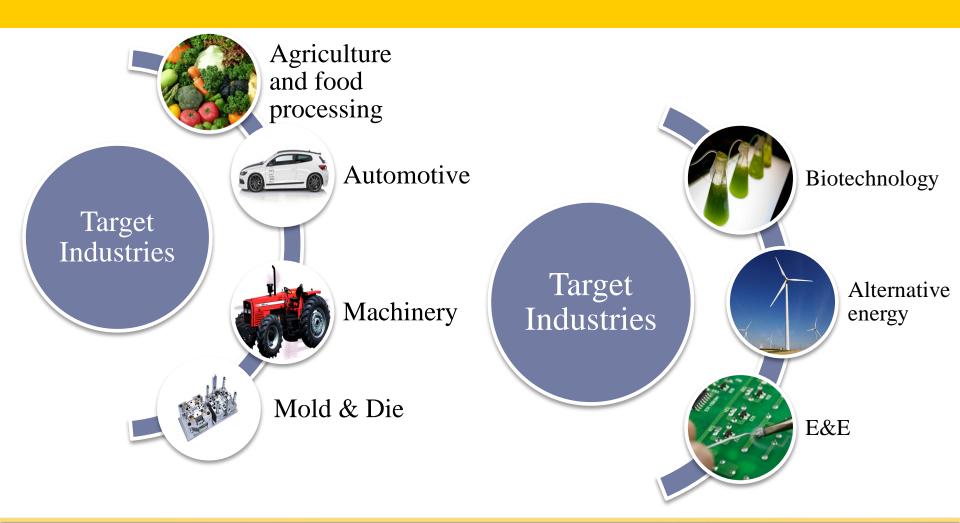
- 1. Special incentives for 3 groups of targeted activities
- 1) Manufacture of eco-friendly materials and products, e.g. bioplastics
- 2) Energy saving and alternative energy
- 3) High technology activities, e.g. industrial electronics, electronic parts for vehicles, biotech, nano-tech, functional fiber

Incentives

- Exemption of import duties on machinery
- 8-year exemption of corporate income tax with no cap
- 5-year 50% reduction of corporate income tax on net profit
- 10-year double deduction of transportation, electricity and water supply costs
- Deduction from net profit of 25% of investment in infrastructure installation and construction costs in addition to normal capital depreciation



Sectors of Opportunity









Thailand Automotive







THAILAND'S AUTOMOTIVE INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

Thailand:
15th largest automobile producer in the world in 2011

Target:
Top-10 by
2014, when
local capacity
projected at
2.43 million
units

Output: 16 assemblers with a combined production of 1,457,795 units in 2011 (50.46% forexport)

High local content:
80-90% for pick-up and 30-70% for passenger car



2010 THAILAND'S MAJOR EXPORTS USING MOST FTA TARIFF BENEFITS, RANKED BY EXPORT VALUE



1 : Pick up car (not more than 5 tons) exports to Australia



2: Compound rubber exports to China



3: Other petroleum oil exports to Malaysia



4: Cassava exports to China



5: Processing chicken meat exports to Japan



Source: OIE as of Sept 14, 2011

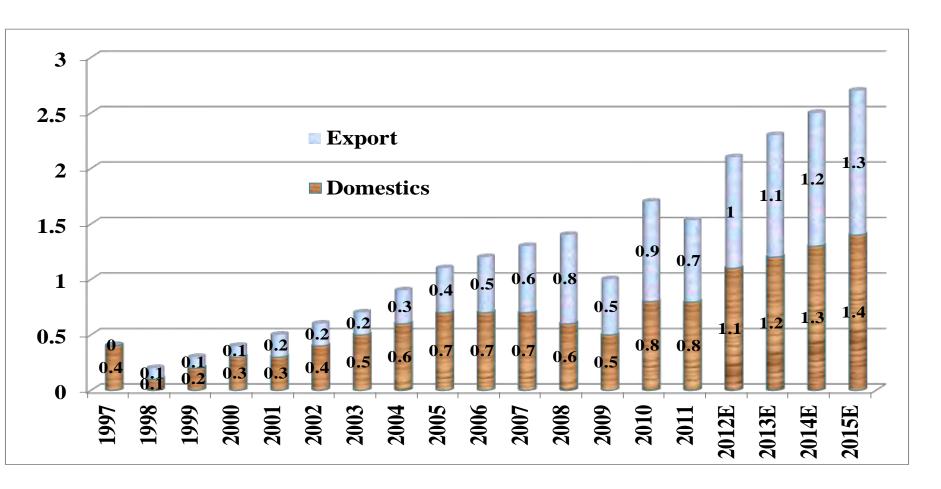
ASEAN Vehicle Sale Volume

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Thailand	615,270	548,871	800,354	795,250	1,100,000
Indonesia	607,805	486,065	764,710	870,000	940,000
Malaysia	548,115	536,905	605,156	608,000	617,000
Vietnam	111,950	132,444	168,490	145,000	150,000
Philippines	111,950	119,460	112,224	110,000	120,000
Singapore	110,574	79,503	51,891	39,000	35,000
Brunei	14,680	12,365	13,589	14,000	14,500
TOTAL	2,132,843	1,915,613	2,516,414	2,581,250	2,976,500



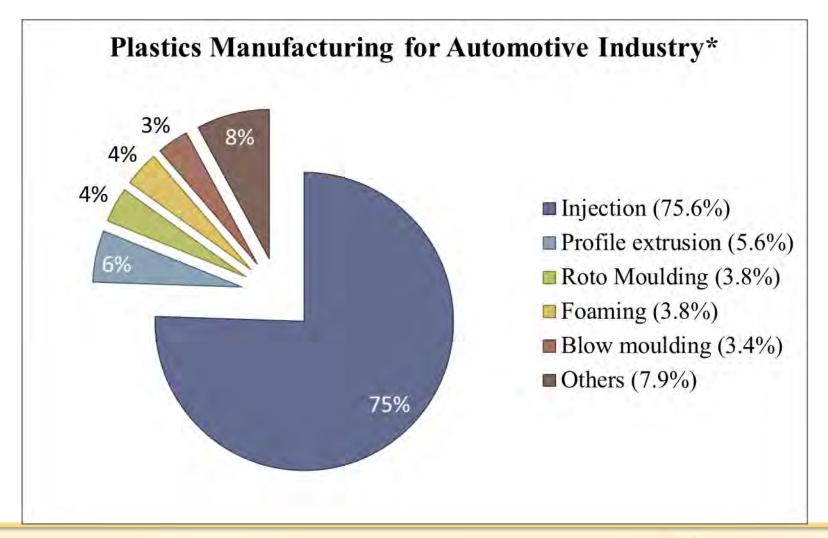
THAILAND'S DOMESTIC SALES AND EXPORTS, 1997-2015E

Million





THAILAND'S PLASTICS MANUFACTURING FOR AUTOMOTIVE INDUSTRY



^{*} Survey from the total 231 plastics entrepreneur as of August 2012.



AUTOMOTIVE MANUFACTURING'S FUTURE TRENDS & INDUSTRY DEVELOPMENT

TECHNOLOGY

Bioplastics

Recycled plastics

Composites

To Improve Car Performance and Sustainability

Reduce vehicle weight

Low CO₂ emission

Increased fuel economy

Innovative styling

Cost reduction

Plastics parts in automotive production



Instrument-panel components



Seats



Front-end modules



Inner door panels



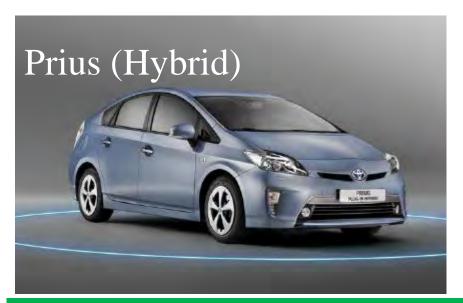
Body panels



Bumpers, etc.



AUTOMOBILE APPLICATION: BIOPLASTICS





Expanded Polypropylene (EPP) Forms: Inrekor (UK)





Racing's GT cars





AUTOMOBILE APPLICATION: COMPOSITES

Carbon Fiber Reinforced Plastic (CFRP)



- CIVIS
- Natural fibers
- Chitin nanowhiskers: shrimp and crab shells (Toronto university)







Machinery

Economic transition from labor intensive to knowledge-based is creating great demand

OPPORTUNITIES IN MACHINERY

• Thailand continues to industrialize, but is dependent on foreign industrial machinery for immediate future.

• High demand for:

- Food and farm machinery
- Alternative energy/energy conservation machinery
- Textile machinery
- Automotive machinery
- Mould & Die Industry







OPPORTUNITIES IN AGRO-MACHINERY

- High demand for drying, cooling and purifying machines; fruit, vegetable and cereal processing machines, and also for animal feeding.
- More than 10,000 food-processing companies create a high demand for packaging machinery such as filling, closing, sealing, wrapping and labeling machines

BOI priority 8-year income tax holiday for processing and farm machinery (no cap)



OPPORTUNITIES IN ALTERNATIVE ENERGY/ENERGY CONSERVATION MACHINERY

- Manufacture of energy-saving machinery/equipment
- Manufacture of machinery/ equipment using alternative energy



BOI Priority Activities – 8 years (uncapped) corporate income tax holiday, duty free machinery



OPPORTUNITIES IN TEXTILE MACHINERY

- Thailand dependent on imported textile machinery, particularly bleaching, dyeing, printing, finishing machinery.
- Investment opportunities also in : Packaging, test and control equipment, production machinery

Other Machinery Needed

Machinery for recycling businesses Machinery for metal industries Electrical control systems Large plastic injectors







SPECIFIC INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY NEEDED:

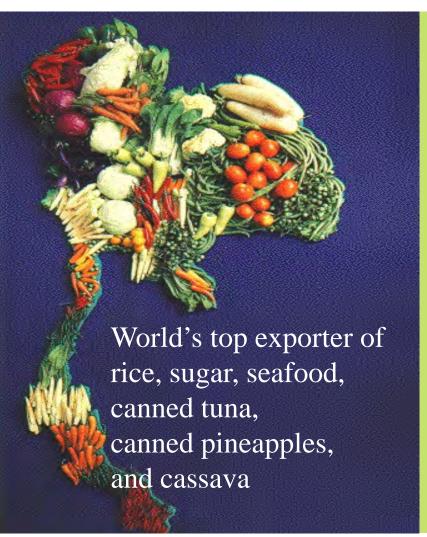
- Turning machines
- Drilling machines
- Milling machines
- Grinding machines
- Machine Centers
- Gear Cutting & Finishing Machines

- Die Sinking EDMS
- Wire Cut EDMs
- Laser Beam Machines
- Plasma Arc Cutting Machines
- Electron Beam Machines
- Broaching Machines

BOI Priority Activities-8 years corporate income tax holidays, duty free machinery



THAILAND'S AGRO INDUSTRY



- Thailand was the first country in Southeast Asia to adopt agriculture biotechnology.
- The processed food sector accounts for nearly 15% of the national manufacturing output and contributes 52% of food exports, Bt965 billion (A\$30.53 bn) in 2011.
- There are approximately **9,000** food processing companies in Thailand producing annual earnings of about A\$25 billion.
- The 2011 export value of agricultural products was Bt892 billion (A\$28.22 bn).







THAILAND'S TOP FOOD EXPORT CATEGORIES AND RANKING (2010)

RICE	Value (US\$ Mil.)	% share
World	16,803	100
1. Thailand	5,340	31.8
2. Vietnam	3,230	19.2
3. India	2,298	13.7
4. US	2,337	13.9
5. Italy	650	3.9

FISHERY PRODUCT	Value (US\$ Mil.)	% share
World	94,993	100
1.China	12,764	13.44
2.Norway	8,638	9.1
3. Thailand	6,956	7.3
4. Vietnam	5,034	5.3
5.US	4,435	4.67

MEAT	Value (US\$ Mil.)	% share
World	112,593	100
1.Brazil	13,328	11.83
2.US	13,265	11.78
3.Germany	10,690	9.5
4.Netherlands	9,511	8.45
5.Australia	6,181	5.48
18. Thailand	1,948	1.73



(Source:www.nfi.or.th as of Nov 29, 2011)

Thailand's Top Food Export Categories and Ranking (2010)

FRUIT	Value (A\$ Mil.)	% share
World	93,169	100
1.US	12,142	13.0
2.Spain	8,182	8.78
3.Netherlands	6,820	7.32
4.China	5,604	6.0
5.Belgium	4,357	4.7
15. Thailand	2,011	2.16

VEGETABLES	Value (A\$ Mil.)	% share
World	70,208	100
1.China	9,821	14
2.Netherlands	8,958	12.8
3.Spain	6,842	9.7
4.US	5,317	7.6
5.Mexico	4,536	6.5
23. Thailand	559	0.8





FOOD SAFETY STANDARDS



- Thai food factories must apply for GMP, ISO, HACCP, TQM, Water footprint and Carbon footprint.
- For food exports, BRC, IFS, and SQF must be applied.
- Agricultural Commodity and Food Standards (ACFS)
 - Good Manufacturing Practice(GMP)
 - Good Hygienic Practice (GHP)
 - ISO 22000 (Safety on Food Supply Chain)









Renewable Energy

THAILAND'S INFRASTRUCTURE: ENERGY SECURITY

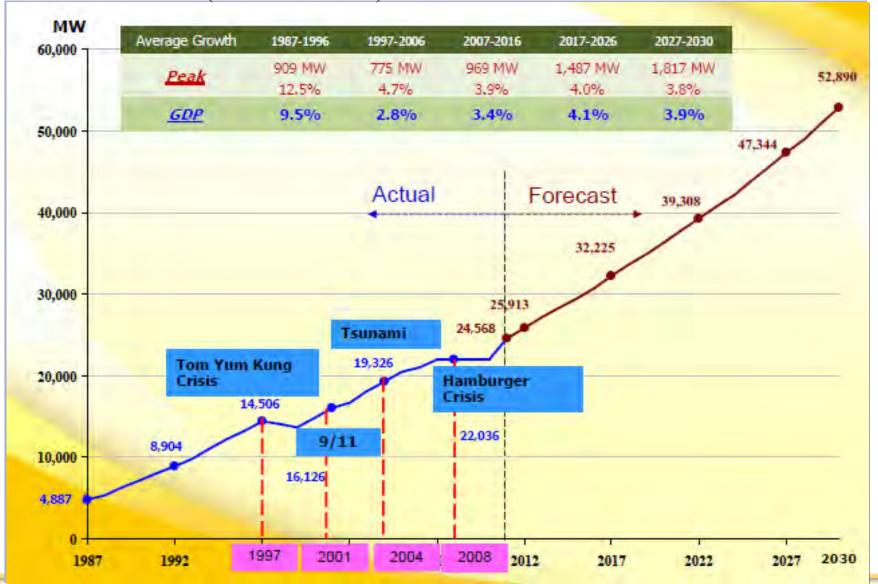


New sources of energy, both domestic and international, are being developed, especially through the collaboration in resource development with neighboring countries, such as in Myanmar (Dawei), aiming at strengthening the nation's energy security.



Source: NESDB, as of July 10,2012

PDP 2010(2010-2030): POWER DEMAND FORECAST

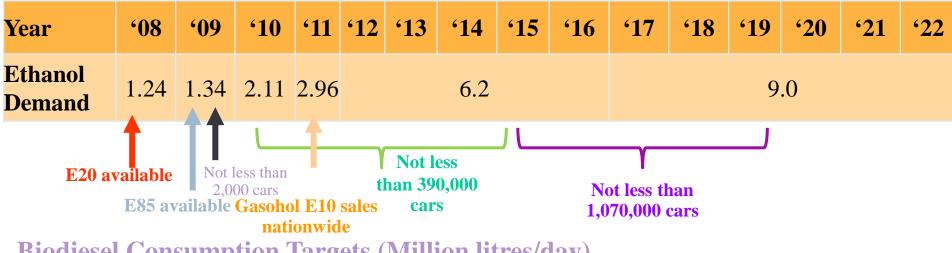




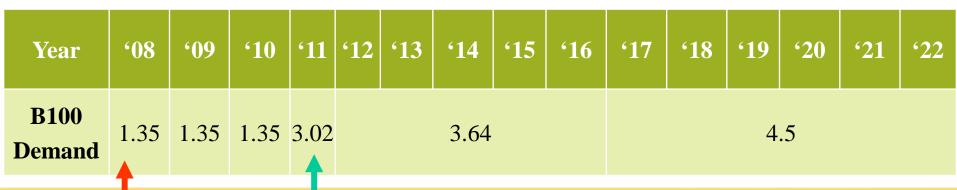


THAILAND 15 YEARS RENEWABLE ENERGY PLAN 2008-2022 ON ETHANOL AND BIODIESELS

Ethanol Consumption Targets (Million litres/day)



Biodiesel Consumption Targets (Million litres/day)



B2 sales mandate; B5 as an alternative fuel

B5 sales mandate; B10 as an alternative fuel



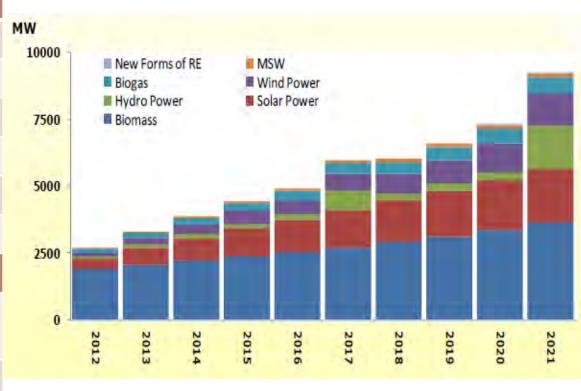


Source: Ministry of Energy, June 3, 2011

ALTERNATIVE ENERGY DEVELOPMENT PLAN (AEDP) 2012-2021

AEDP 2012-2021, targeting to replace 25% of total fossil-fuel consumption with RE at the end of 2021.

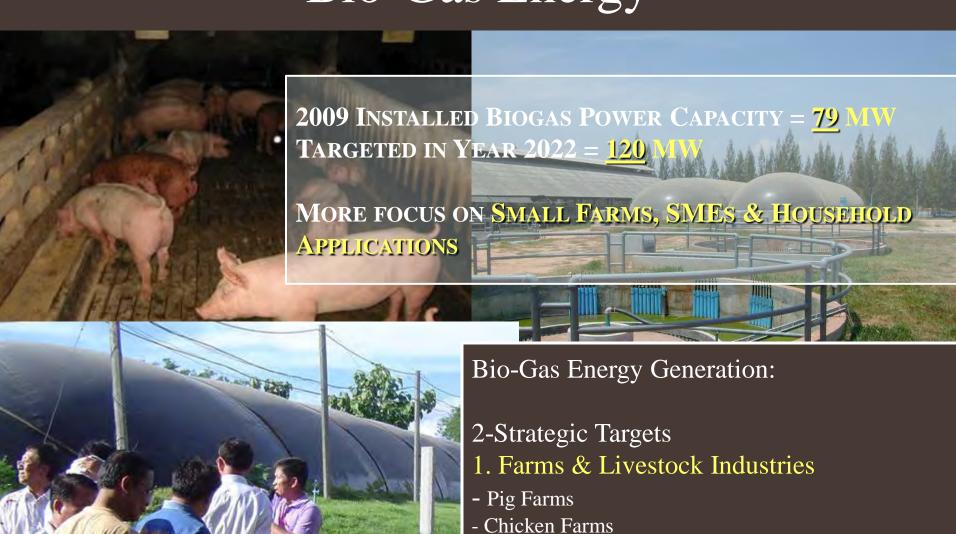
Renewable Energy (9,198 MW)			
Solar power	2,000 MW		
Wind power	1,200 MW		
Hydro power	1,608 MW		
MSW	160 MW		
Biomass	3,630 MW		
Biogas	600 MW		
New forms of RE (3 MW)			
Geothermal	1 MW		
energy			
Wave and Tides	2 MW		





Source: Ministry of Energy, as of April 2012

Bio-Gas Energy



Palm OilSugar Cane and Ethanol

- Tapioca Starch

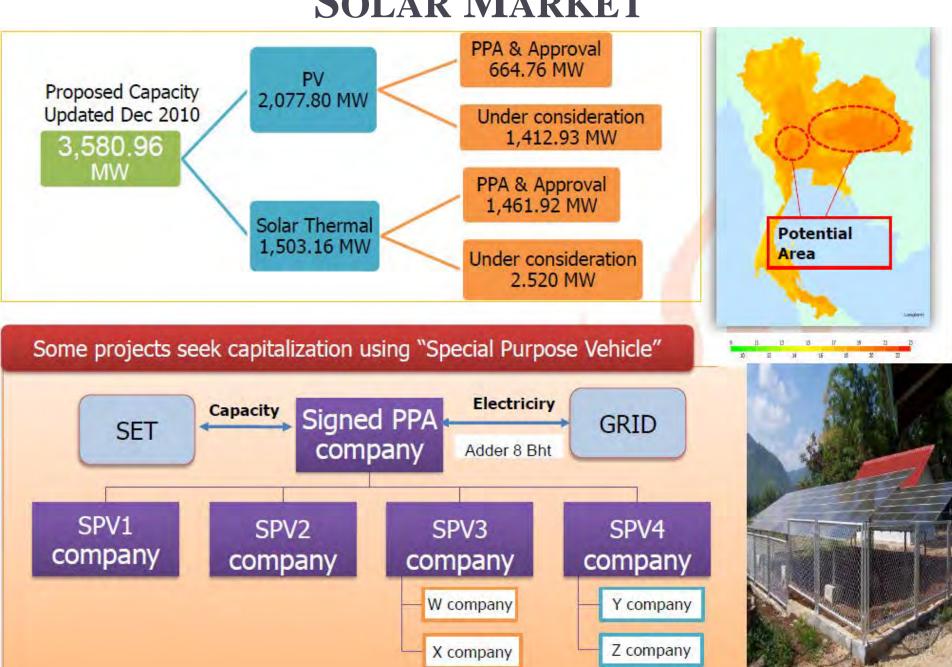
2. Food-Related Industries

BIOMASS: TRENDS & OPPORTUNITIES

- Promoting higher potential biomass
 - Rice straw
 - Sugarcane leaves
 - Cassava finger root trunk & rhyzome
 - Oil palm leaves and bunch
 - Corncob & trunk
 - Wood chips & pellets
- Promoting plantation of fast growing crops for power generation



SOLAR MARKET



FUTURE OF SOLAR ENERGY IN THAILAND

- Project accepted and contracted (having PPA) are eligible for original adder rate of 8 Baht/kWh (A\$0.25/kWh)
- New Adder: <u>6.50 Baht/kWh</u> (\$0.21/kWh) for 10 yrs will be applied for projects already submitted but under screening process
- Shift to Feed-in Tariff (FIT)-European style (reduce windfall profit and limit passing through mechanism to the end-consumers)
- Set-up new committee for
 - Formulating the FIT rates for all RE categories
 - Becoming a single window of new proposals screening and taking into consideration of the grid-connection and price impact
 - Solar-Rooftop will be more focus and become its own category



BOI POLICIES TO PROMOTE RENEWABLE ENERGY

All Projects in Renewable & Alternative Energy are Treated as Priorities Activities

Incentives:

- Import duty exemption on machinery all zones, except Bangkok
- 8-year-corporate income tax exemption without being subject to a corporate income tax exemption cap, all zones except Bangkok
- 50% reduction of CIT on the net profit generated from investment for 5 years after the exemption period
- Double deductions for transportation, electricity and water costs for 10 years from the date of first income derivation from promoted activity
- Deduction of infrastructure installation or construction costs from net profit in addition to normal depreciation of not more than 25% of the project
- Applications must be submitted within Dec 31, 2012





Renewable Energy: Eligible Activities



1.18 Manufacture of alcohol or fuel from agricultural products, including scrap, garbage and/or waste

4.2.3 Manufacture of energy-conserving machinery or equipment or machinery which uses alternative energy

4.15 Manufacture of fuel cells

5.5.10 Manufacture of solar cells and raw materials for solar cells

Renewable Energy



7.1.1 Production of electricity or steam power using alternative energy such as energy from agricultural materials, biogas and wind energy







HIGH VALUE-ADDED SERVICES







The Land of Smiles at Your Service

New Package of Regional Operating Headquarters

BenefitBenefitFor portion of income from OVERSEAS OPERATIONSFor portion of income from LOCAL OPERATIONS0% CORPORATE INCOME TAX for 15 years10% CORPORATE INCOME TAX for 15 years

Key Conditions

- In 1st fiscal year, have one operating company in another country; a second within 3rd year; a third within 5th year
- Have annual expenses in Thailand of Bt15 million, or have invested at least Bt30 million in Thailand
- By end of 3rd year, 75% of ROH personnel to be qualified staff, and 5 persons earning at least Bt2.5 million annual salary and benefits per person
- All companies must be real operating companies with a physical presence and staff

Benefit

For income of EXPATRIATE EMPLOYEES

15% PERSONAL INCOME TAX for 8 years

Key Conditions

In addition to conditions for income from overseas and local operations:

- Income generated from services to overseas companies must be at least 50% of total revenues





BOI INCENTIVES: RIGHTS & BENEFITS

Activities:

- **►**Long Stay Business
- Trade and Investment
 Support Offices
 (TISO)
- ➤International business process outsourcing (IBPO)

Rights & Benefits

Non-Tax Incentives Only

- Permission to own land
- Permission to bring into the Kingdom foreign skilled workers and experts sufficient for your business activities
- Permission for foreign nationals to enter the Kingdom for the purpose of studying investment opportunities
- Permission to take out or remit foreign currency



BOI INCENTIVES: RIGHTS & BENEFITS

International Procurement Offices (IPO)

Conditions

- Must have or rent warehouse and utilize a computerized inventory system.
- Must include procurement, quality control and packaging activities.
- Goods must be procured from various suppliers, including domestic sources.
- The minimum registered capital must not be less than Bt10 million.

Rights & Benefits

- Exemption of import duty on machinery, regardless of zones.
- Privileges under section 36(1): Exemption of import duty on raw or essential materials for use in production for export.
- Privileges under section 36(2): Exemption of import duty on products for re-export such as samples.





BOI SERVICES

BOI SUPPORT SERVICES



Investment Matchmaking Program

1-Stop for visas & work permits: work permits in 3 hours

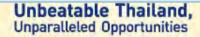
Industrial Subcontracting Services Vendors meet customers program (BUILD Unit)

ASEAN Supporting Industry Database

Interaction with other govt. agencies on behalf of investors

Country desks

Overseas offices





One Start One Stop Investment Center





18th Floor, Chamchuri Square Building

319 Phayathai Road, Pathumwan

Domestic Call: 0 2209 1100, Inter. Call: (66 2) 209 1100

Email: osos@boi.go.th



THANK YOU